

GUIDE TO BILLING AND CODING

Overview of Relevant Codes

INDICATIONS¹

Plaque Psoriasis: SKYRIZI is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in adults who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy.

Psoriatic Arthritis: SKYRIZI is indicated for the treatment of active psoriatic arthritis in adults.

Crohn's Disease: SKYRIZI is indicated for the treatment of moderately to severely active Crohn's disease in adults.

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS¹

SKYRIZI is contraindicated in patients with a history of serious hypersensitivity reaction to risankizumab-rzaa or any of its excipients. Serious hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, have been reported with use of SKYRIZI. If a serious hypersensitivity reaction occurs, discontinue SKYRIZI and initiate appropriate therapy immediately. SKYRIZI may increase the risk of infection. Instruct patients to report signs or symptoms of clinically important infection during treatment. Should such an infection occur, discontinue SKYRIZI until infection resolves. Evaluate patients for tuberculosis infection prior to initiating treatment with SKYRIZI. Drug-induced liver injury was reported in a patient with Crohn's disease during induction dosing of SKYRIZI. For the treatment of Crohn's disease, evaluate liver enzymes and bilirubin at baseline and during induction (12 weeks). Interrupt treatment with SKYRIZI if drug-induced liver injury is suspected, until this diagnosis is excluded. Avoid use of live vaccines in SKYRIZI patients.



OVERVIEW OF RELEVANT CODES

ICD-10-CM diagnosis codes^{2*}

Plaque Psoriasis

ICD-10-CM code	Description
L40.0	Psoriasis vulgaris
L40.8	Flexural psoriasis
L40.9	Psoriasis, unspecified

Psoriatic arthritis

ICD-10-CM code	Description
L40.5	Arthropathic psoriasis
L40.50	Arthropathic psoriasis, unspecified
L40.51	Distal interphalangeal psoriatic arthropathy
L40.52	Psoriatic arthritis mutilans
L40.59	Other psoriatic arthropathy

Crohn's disease

ICD-10-CM code	Description
K50.0-K50.019	Crohn's disease of small intestine
K50.1-K50.119	Crohn's disease of large intestine
K50.8-K50.819	Crohn's disease of both small and large intestine
K50.9-K50.919	Crohn's disease, unspecified

Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes^{3*}

Crohn's disease IV Infusion

HCPCS code	Description	SKYRIZI Vial	Dose (in mg)	HCPCS units for J2327
J2327	Injection, risankizumab-rzaa, Intravenous, 1 mg	1	600 mg	600 units

This product specific J-Code is effective starting January 1, 2023.

Please see Indications and Important Safety Information on page 10.

Please click here for full Prescribing Information.





^{*}Codes are for informational purposes only and are not intended to suggest the use of any drug that is inconsistent with FDA-approval, or to function as reimbursement or legal advice. Providers should verify codes with third-party payers.

FDA=United States Food and Drug Administration; ICD-10-CM=International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification; OBI=On-Body Injector.

DOSING AND NATIONAL DRUG CODES (NDC)

How do I provide my patients with SKYRIZI?

- A prescription is required for the SKYRIZI Prefilled Syringe 150 mg/mL, Pen 150 mg/mL, IV infusion 600 mg/10 mL, and On-Body Injector 360 mg/2.4 mL and 180 mg/1.2 mL
- The correct NDC must be used to ensure correct pharmacy dispensation
- To ensure your patient receives the appropriate SKYRIZI delivery device, please select a device type from the Enrollment and Prescription Form or when prescribing electronically

NDC¹

Electronic data exchange standards usually require the use of an 11-digit NDC. To convert these SKYRIZI 10-digit NDC to an 11-digit NDC, a leading zero is added to the first sequence of numbers (in the case of SKYRIZI, a 0 is added in front of 0074 to create 00074). Check with the payer to confirm the correct code required when billing for SKYRIZI.

INDICATION	SKYRIZI	10-digit NDC	11-digit NDC
CD only	IV Infusion 600 mg/10 mL (60 mg/mL)	0074-5015-01	00074-5015-01
	On-Body Injector 360 mg/2.4 mL (150 mg/mL)	0074-1070-01	00074-1070-01
	On-Body Injector 180 mg/1.2 mL (150 mg/mL)	0074-1065-01	00074-1065-01
Ps/PsA	Pen 150 mg/mL	0074-2100-01	00074-2100-01
	Prefilled Syringe 150 mg/mL	0074-1050-01	00074-1050-01

For additional guidance on coding, please refer to the Department of Health and Human Services Evaluation and Management Services Guide available at www.cms.gov

For support in person or over the phone, call a Field Access Specialist at 1.877.COMPLETE (1.877.266.7538)

IV=intravenous

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS¹

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CMS-1500 AND CMS-1450 CODING GUIDE

CMS-1500 and CMS-1450 commercial and Medicare coding^{4*}

Procedure type	CPT [®] code
Office visit, new patient	99202-99205
Office visit, established patient	99211-99215
Prolonged service visit without direct patient contact by the physician or non-physician practitioner	99358
Hospital outpatient visit (CMS-1450, Medicare only)	G0463
Computed tomography (CT) scan	72125-72133
Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)	72141-72158
X-ray imaging	72040-72120 73000-73140, 73501-73660
Uric acid; blood	84550
Therapeutic, prophylactic, and diagnostic injections, IM/SC injection	96372
For PsA only	
Rheumatoid factor; qualitative	86430
For CD only	
Chemotherapy administration, intravenous infusion technique; up to 1 hour, single or initial substance/drug	96413
Chemotherapy administration, intravenous infusion technique;	96415
Intravenous infusion, for therapy, prophylaxis, or diagnosis (specify substance or drug); initial, up to 1 hour	96365
Therapeutic, prophylactic, and diagnostic injections and infusions; each additional hour	96366

^{*}The codes shown are only suggestions. The codes you need may vary by patient.

Considerations when using evaluation and management CPT® codes

Healthcare provider services are generally billed using evaluation and management codes, which may be accompanied by prolonged service codes when appropriate.

For additional guidance on the appropriate use of prolonged service codes, please refer to the 2022 CPT® code book.

CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association.

CMS=Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services; CPT=Current Procedural Terminology; IM=intramuscular; SC=subcutaneous.





CMS-1500 AND CMS-1450 CODING GUIDE (CONT'D)

Home infusion CPT® coding for CD4,5*

Patients with CD may receive SKYRIZI in a home setting. In this setting, commercial payers reimburse providers separately for services and procedures. The products and services provided in the home setting are billed using the CMS-1500 claim form or its electronic claim equivalent.

This section provides general home infusion coding information for SKYRIZI. Coding for SKYRIZI may vary by commercial payer type and plan type. Contact payers for specific coding requirements for billing SKYRIZI.

Procedure type	CPT® code
Home infusion/specialty drug administration, per visit (up to 2 hours)	99601
Home infusion/specialty drug administration, for each additional hour after 2 hours	+99602
Home infusion therapy, infusion therapy, not otherwise classified; administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem	S9379

^{*}The codes shown above are for home infusion only. These will typically be used by the infusion provider.

Lab support CPT® coding for CD4

Procedure type	CPT® code
Hepatic function panel test in which the blood levels of protein, albumin, alkaline phosphatase, bilirubin, and liver enzymes are measured	80076
Lab analysis measuring the amount of total bilirubin in a patient's blood	82247
Analysis measuring the amount of direct bilirubin in a patient's blood	82248
Technical lab test, typically using serum or plasma, to quantitate the enzyme aspartate amino transferase, or AST, also called SGOT	84450
Lab test, typically using serum or plasma, to quantitate the enzyme alanine amino transferase, or ALT, also called SGPT	84460

Considerations when using evaluation and management CPT® codes

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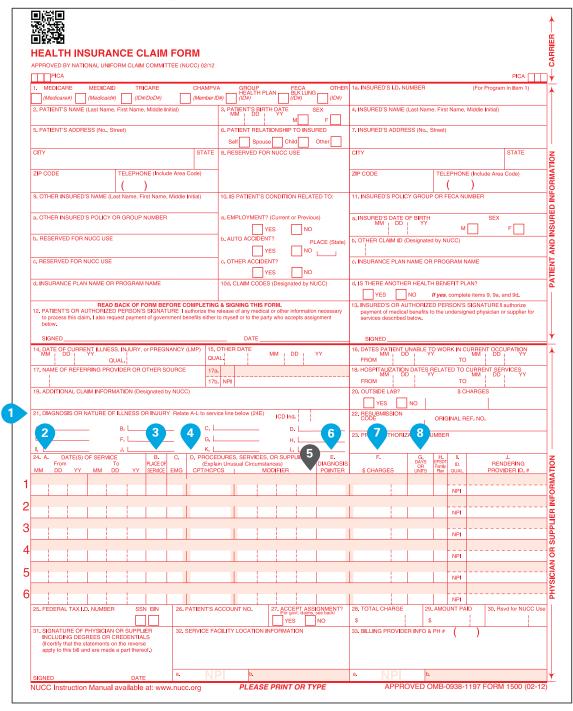
CMS=Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services, CPT=Current Procedural Terminology.





COMPLETING A CMS-1500 FORM

Sample CMS-1500 form: use to submit claims to commercial insurance and Medicare for SKYRIZI administered **in your office**



CMS=Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.





COMPLETING A CMS-1500 FORM (CONT'D)

If you are purchasing SKYRIZI from a distributor and need to submit a claim for reimbursement, you can use the CMS-1500 form.

- 1 Item 21: Indicate the diagnosis using the appropriate ICD-10-CM code (see page 2 for codes). The "ICD Indicator" identifies the ICD-10-CM code set being reported. Enter 0 (zero) as a single digit between the vertical dotted lines.
- 2 Item 24A: If line item NDC information is required, enter it in the shaded portion of Item 24A.
- 3 Item 24B: Enter 11 (in place of a service code for physician offices).
- 4 Item 24D CPT/HCPCS: Indicate appropriate HCPCS and CPT® codes. See pages 2 and 4 of this guide for codes.
- Item 24D MODIFIER (Use with CD IV J code only): The JA Modifier may be required to indicate intravenous administration. Effective July 1, 2023, Medicare plans will require the JZ Modifier to attest that there was no discarded amount from a single vial. Providers should check with each plan to ensure appropriate coding.
- 6 Item 24E: Refer to the diagnosis for this service (see Item 21 above). Enter only 1 diagnosis pointer per line.
- 7 Item 24F: Typically, enter average wholesale price (AWP), invoice price, or whichever price method is stated in your contract with the payer.
- 8 Item 24G: Enter the number of units.

Specific directions for Crohn's disease IV infusion:

- J2327: Enter the drug quantity in HCPCS units according to the dose, with 1 mg = 1 unit; each SKYRIZI single-dose vial is 600 mg and equal to 600 units
- 96365: Enter 1 unit for the first hour of infusion

Reminder: Under certain circumstances, qualified patients may acquire donated or no-cost drugs, or drugs may be covered under a pharmacy benefit and delivered to the administering provider ("white bagging"). When the drug is supplied by a third party, at no cost to the provider, it should NOT be billed to Medicare or any other payer.

However, the administration of the drug, regardless of the source, is a service that represents an expense to the physician. Therefore, administration of the drug is payable if the drug would have been covered if the physician purchased it. When reporting drug administration services for free-of-charge drugs, it may be necessary to include drug information on the claim and enter "0.01" charges. Payer policies may vary.

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CMS=Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services; CPT=Current Procedural Terminology; HCPCS=Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System; ICD-10-CM=International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification; NDC=National Drug Code; OBI=On-Body Injector.

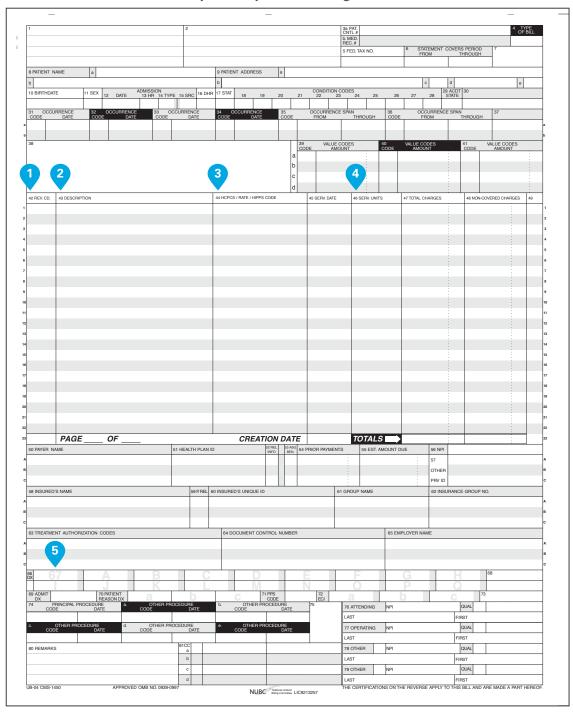
This information is presented for informational purposes only and is not intended to provide reimbursement or legal advice. Providers are encouraged to contact third-party payers for specific information about their coverage policies.





COMPLETING A CMS-1450 FORM

Sample CMS-1450 form: use to submit claims to commercial insurance and Medicare for SKYRIZI administered in a hospital outpatient setting



CMS=Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services.





COMPLETING A CMS-1450 FORM (CONT'D)

If you are purchasing SKYRIZI from a distributor and need to submit a claim for reimbursement, you can use the CMS-1450 form.

- 1 Locator Box 42: List revenue codes in ascending order.
- Locator Box 43: Enter narrative description of corresponding revenue code (eg, clinic, lab general). If line item NDC information is required, enter it in the unshaded portions of Locator Box 43. Payer requirements for NDC entries may vary.
- 3 Locator Box 44: Indicate appropriate HCPCS and CPT® codes as required by the payer. See pages 2 and 4 of this guide for codes.

Specific directions for Crohn's disease IV infusion:

- J2327: Enter the drug quantity in HCPCS units according to the dose, with 1 mg = 1 unit; each SKYRIZI single-dose vial is 600 mg and equal to 600 units
- 96365: Enter 1 unit for the first hour of infusion
- 4 Locator Box 46: Enter the number of units.
- 5 Locator Box 67: Indicate the diagnosis using the ICD-10-CM code that supports medical justification for plaque psoriasis, psoriatic arthritis, or Crohn's disease (see page 2 for ICD-10-CM codes).

Reminder: Under certain circumstances, qualified patients may acquire donated or no-cost drugs, or drugs may be covered under a pharmacy benefit and delivered to the administering provider ("white bagging"). When the drug is supplied by a third party, at no cost to the provider, it should NOT be billed to Medicare or any other payer.

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CMS=Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services; CPT=Current Procedural Terminology; HCPCS=Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System; ICD-10-CM=International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification; NDC=National Drug Code; OBI=On-Body Injector.

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INDICATIONS AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION FOR SKYRIZI® (risankizumab-rzaa)

INDICATIONS¹

Plaque Psoriasis: SKYRIZI is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis in adults who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy.

Psoriatic Arthritis: SKYRIZI is indicated for the treatment of active psoriatic arthritis in adults. **Crohn's Disease:** SKYRIZI is indicated for the treatment of moderately to severely active Crohn's disease in adults.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION¹

Hypersensitivity Reactions

SKYRIZI® (risankizumab-rzaa) is contraindicated in patients with a history of serious hypersensitivity reaction to risankizumab-rzaa or any of the excipients. Serious hypersensitivity reactions, including anaphylaxis, have been reported with the use of SKYRIZI. If a serious hypersensitivity reaction occurs, discontinue SKYRIZI and initiate appropriate therapy immediately.

Infection

SKYRIZI may increase the risk of infection. Do not initiate treatment with SKYRIZI in patients with a clinically important active infection until it resolves or is adequately treated.

In patients with a chronic infection or a history of recurrent infection, consider the risks and benefits prior to prescribing SKYRIZI. Instruct patients to seek medical advice if signs or symptoms of clinically important infection occur. If a patient develops such an infection or is not responding to standard therapy, closely monitor and discontinue SKYRIZI until the infection resolves.

Tuberculosis (TB)

Prior to initiating treatment with SKYRIZI, evaluate for TB infection and consider treatment in patients with latent or active TB for whom an adequate course of treatment cannot be confirmed. Monitor patients for signs and symptoms of active TB during and after SKYRIZI treatment. Do not administer SKYRIZI to patients with active TB.

Hepatotoxicity in Treatment of Crohn's Disease

Drug-induced liver injury was reported in a patient with Crohn's disease who was hospitalized for a rash during induction dosing of SKYRIZI. For the treatment of Crohn's disease, evaluate liver enzymes and bilirubin at baseline and during induction (12 weeks); monitor thereafter according to routine patient management. Consider an alternate treatment for patients with evidence of liver cirrhosis. Interrupt treatment if drug-induced liver injury is suspected, until this diagnosis is excluded. Instruct your patient to seek immediate medical attention if they experience symptoms suggestive of hepatic dysfunction.

Administration of Vaccines

Avoid use of live vaccines in patients treated with SKYRIZI. Medications that interact with the immune system may increase the risk of infection following administration of live vaccines. Prior to initiating SKYRIZI, complete all age-appropriate vaccinations according to current immunization guidelines.

Adverse Reactions

Most common (≥1%) adverse reactions associated with SKYRIZI in plaque psoriasis and psoriatic arthritis include upper respiratory infections, headache, fatigue, injection site reactions, and tinea infections.

In psoriatic arthritis phase 3 trials, the incidence of hepatic events was higher with SKYRIZI compared to placebo.

Most common (>3%) adverse reactions associated with SKYRIZI in Crohn's disease are upper respiratory infections, headache, and arthralgia in induction and arthralgia, abdominal pain, injection site reactions, anemia, pyrexia, back pain, arthropathy, and urinary tract infection in maintenance.

Lipid Elevations: Increases from baseline and increases relative to placebo were observed at Week 4 and remained stable to Week 12 in patients treated with SKYRIZI in Crohn's disease.

Dosage Forms and Strengths: SKYRIZI is available in a 150 mg/mL prefilled syringe and pen, a 600 mg/10 mL single-dose vial for intravenous infusion, and a 180 mg/1.2 mL or 360 mg/2.4 mL single-dose prefilled cartridge with on-body injector.

References: 1. SKYRIZI [package insert]. North Chicago, IL: AbbVie Inc. 2. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. 2022 ICD-10-CM. 2022 Code Tables, Tabular and Index. Updated June 30, 2021. Accessed September 13, 2021. https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/icd/icd-10-cm.htm 3. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) application summaries and coding recommendations. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services website. Accessed November 15, 2022. https://www.cms.gov/files/document/2022-hcpcs-application-summary-quarter-3-2022-drugs-and-biologicals-updated-11042022.pdf 4. American Medical Association. Current Procedural Terminology: CPT® 2022: Professional Edition. Chicago, IL: AMA Press; 2021. 5. S9379. AAPC website. Accessed November 15, 2022. https://www.aapc.com/codes/hcpcs-codes/S9379

Please click here for full Prescribing Information.



